

Early Voting

Illinois State Board of Elections

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What is Early Voting?

Registered voters may cast a ballot prior to Election Day without having to provide a reason for wanting to vote early. This ballot is cast by personal appearance at the office of the election authority or at an early voting center.

Why do we have Early Voting?

A major reason for early voting is to encourage greater participation in the election process. People who travel for business, work long hours, or are otherwise inconvenienced by the hours the polls are open on Election Day may find it easier to vote early.

Who can vote early in Illinois?

Any qualified voter may vote prior to Election Day at any site established for early voting by the election authority.

Where is Early Voting Held?

Each election authority generally determines the locations and hours for early voting, subject to certain requirements placed on permanent polling places for early voting. An election authority may establish permanent and temporary polling places for early voting at locations throughout the election authority's jurisdiction, including but not limited to, a municipal clerk's office, a township clerk's office, a road district clerk's office, or a county or local public agency office. During each general primary and general election, permanent polling places are determined by the election authority depending on the population within the county.

Each election authority shall determine and publish a list of the locations, dates, and hours of each early voting site in their jurisdiction. Also, a list of early voting hours and locations will be available on the Illinois State Board of Elections' website (www.elections.il.gov) at least 10 days prior to the beginning of any early voting period.

Are pollwatchers allowed at early voting sites?

Yes. Like at the regular polling places on Election Day, pollwatchers may be present to observe early voting by personal appearance at each permanent and temporary polling place where early voting is conducted.

Important things to know before you go:

- A qualified voter to whom a vote by mail ballot was issued may vote early if they submit that vote by mail ballot for cancellation to the election judges or election official conducting early voting. If the voter is unable to submit the vote by mail ballot, it shall be sufficient for the voter to submit to the judges or election official (i) a portion of the vote by mail ballot if the vote by mail ballot was torn or mutilated, or (ii) an affidavit executed before the judges or election official specifying that the voter never received a vote by mail ballot, or the voter completed and returned a vote by mail ballot and was informed that the election authority did not receive that vote by mail ballot.
- The votes cast during the early voting period will not be counted until after the polls close on Election Day.
- Electioneering is prohibited at the early voting site and a campaign-free zone will be established like it is at the polling place on Election Day.
- Curbside voting can take place at an early voting site. This is where two election judges of opposite political parties deliver a ballot to a voter in their vehicle outside of the polling place. Contact your election authority to coordinate curbside voting.